The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1867. NO. 253.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE ARCHDUKE MAXIMILIAN.

Ferdinand Maximilian Joseph, Archduke of Austria and sometime Emperor of Mexico, was born at Schonbrunn on the 6th of July, 1832. His father was Francis Charles Joseph, Archduke of Austria, and his mother Sophie Dorothea, daughter of Maximilian I., King of Bavaria. Upon the abdication of Ferdinand, Emperor of Austria, the Archduke renounced his claim to the succession in favor of his elder son, the present Emperor, the brother of the subject of this sketch. The abdicating Emperor, in giving up his throne, unequally divided his power, and gave an advantage to the Archduke Maximilian, to the detriment of his elder brother. Such was the origin of the constant, and at times very warm, differences which arose between the two.

Maximilian received his education at Vienna. He appears to have spent a great part of his youth in study and travel. At an early age he entered the navy and saw considerable service at sea, sailing about the Mediterranean and visited all the adjacent countries—Greece, Italy, Morocco, French Algeria, Spain and Portugal. At the age of twenty two he was placed at the head of what is termed by courtesy the Austrian marine, and with a squadron visited the coasts of Syria and Palestine. He went also to the Red sea and took great interest in the works of the Suez Canal, which were just then beginning. The year following he was appointed Viceroy of Lombardy and Venice, and in the exercise of the powers attached to the position soon made himself quite a favorite among the Italians. This popularity was, however, displeasing to Francis Joseph, and in 1859 he was removed. He is said to have exhibited great courage and decided administrative abilities while Viceroy. It is related that he used to walk about the streets of Milan and Venice quite alone during the *fetes* and among the crowd, and would never allow the police to be on the watch. One day at Venice, when the Italian nobles had plotted to make a hostile demonstration against him on the Pinzo St. Marco, he discomfitted and quite converted them to his side by tucking his wife under his arm and coming among them unattended, and on foot, with a courage and frankness that disarmed every one. Another time, just after Orisni's attempt at Paris, his life was said to be also threatened, and his friends begged him not to expose himself; but he immediately ordered his carriage to go to the theatre, taking with him Count Stromboli, to whom he said, laughing: "If I am to be blown up it shall at least be in good company."

Maximilian remained idle after his removal from the governorship of the Lombardo-Venitian kingdom, until 1863, when Napoleon decided upon making a catspaw of him in Mexico. The crown of Mexico was offered to him by Napoleon in August, 1863, and the diplomats were put to work to arrange for his acceptance and occupancy of the throne. Nearly a year was occupied in this work, and it was not until the 10th of April, 1864, that he formally accepted the proffered crown. By the terms of the acceptance he made a conditional renunciation of the right of eventual succession to the throne of Austria, and an unconditional renunciation of his share of the family estates, amounting to 20,000,000 of florins.—The condition reserved in the renunciation of the right to the succession was that such renunciation might be revoked should Maximilian, finding his foothold in Mexico insecure, choose to resign, within six years from the date of his acceptance of the crown of Mexico.

The career of Maximilian as the so-called Emperor of Mexico is well known to the people of this country. His first official act was to offer terms to Juarez looking to the submission of the latter. These were rejected, and then followed the past years of war and bloodshed, with alternate success, and the present final defeat of the Imperialists. His efforts to attract emigration and to develop the resources of the country are well known, as are also his personal sacrifices for the success of his cause. That he failed was only a natural and expected result, but it is doubtful if he would have met the terrible fate to which Juarez assigned him, had he not issued his famous order declaring the Republican President and his supporters bandits and outlaws. The entire responsibility of his death (if he has indeed been executed) must rest upon Napoleon, who first induced him to accept the proffered crown, and afterwards deserted him. Personally, Maximilian has the reputation of being a most accomplished gentleman and scholar. That he is kind-hearted and humane we are assured from the frequency with which he saved the lives of many unfortunate Liberals who fell into the hands of his Generals and were condemned to death.

The correspondent at Paris, of the London *Advertiser*, says there has been a trial of skill between the French and English pick-pockets in attendance at the great Exposition, in which the English were the victors, but the French the winners,—as the following extract explains, and shows, besides, that "honor among thieves" is a myth:

"Seven English and seven French thieves started on their predatory expedition through the exhibition, and agreed to meet at a cafe in the boulevards, or rather at a restaurateur's, where they had previously engaged a *cabinet particulier*, and had ordered a supper, to be stood by the vanquished. They met at the appointed hour, and you will be proud of your countrymen's superiority when you learn that they triumphantly displayed forty five watches and nine portmonnaies, whereas the French tyros in the noble art could display but ten watches, three portmonnaies and half a dozen handkerchiefs, 'small deer,' which are disdained by the professed pickpockets, and are only 'faked' during a novitiate in the profession. They magnanimously avowed themselves vanquished, and agreed to recognize the superiority of the victors in the form most pleasing to them, by standing half a dozen of champagne, followed by bowls of blazing punch in quick succession.

Up to this stage all had been highly gratifying to our national pride, but the hour of British's humiliation was drawing nigh. Our countrymen fell under the table; their hosts, though they had not read the tale of Falstaff's disaster at Gadhill, fell upon their prostrate foes, eased them of their plunder, and retired in triumph with the forty-five watches, the purses, &c., and moreover, left the waiters instructions to apply for payment of the bill to the gentlemen up stairs on the floor."

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

SECOND GRAND OPENING

OF THIS SEASON

AT

S M I T H ' S ,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth

OF

FRESH GOODS OPENING THIS DAY.

THE ABOVE NAMED STOCK HAS BEEN SElected with much taste and judgment, and at the very great REDUCTION recently made in prices of all kinds of

DRY GOODS,

AND WILL BE SOLD CORRESPONDINGLY LOW.

This is decidedly the largest and best stock of

DRY GOODS

In Virginia and offers inducements to purchasers unsurpassed anywhere. No effort will be spared to give satisfaction to all.

TO THE MERCHANTS OF

Virginia and North Carolina,

I WOULD SAY SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

You will be delighted with the BEAUTIFUL GOODS you will receive in return, and at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

To our numerous customers at a distance, I return my grateful thanks and request their orders for samples, guaranteeing in every instance entire satisfaction.

To our numerous friends and patrons in the city and vicinity, I would especially say, that in many respects the Stock was never so desirable or complete, embracing many

NEW AND DESIRABLE ARTICLES

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT,

And will, therefore, refrain from a numeration except to call especial attention to

THE DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,

which surpasses anything heretofore offered in this market. An early call will secure the most

DESIRABLE SHADES,

PATTERNS, &c., &c.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended, I hope by strict attention to the necessities and interest of my customers, to merit its continuance to the entire extent of their wants in the DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

THOMAS SMITH.

my 4-228-4c

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR

OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.

April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist,

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.

my 4-228-codly

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT.

THE Trustees will hold their annual meeting on Wednesday, at 8 o'clock A. M. June 12.

The ANNUAL SERMON to the Graduating Class will be preached by Bishop GEORGE F. PIERCE, D. D., on Wednesday, at 12 o'clock A. M June 12.

The LITERARY ADDRESS before the Societies will be delivered at 3 o'clock P. M. on Wednesday.

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT will be on Thursday, June 13th, 1867.

A general invitation is given. Arrangements will be made for Trustees and the members of Conference, and if they will communicate with the Marshal, J. W. Reid, in advance, it will be more comfortable to all parties.

B. CRAVEN.

May 25-216-td

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MECHANics' Tools and supplies. General Hardware. Guano, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Paint Oil, Belting &c., &c.

mar 30-190-1t

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "D" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

April 3—tf Family Grocer.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. — LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *quoting*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectionerics, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

WE WONDER WHY ALMOST EVERY BODY, (or at least *a great many more folks*,) don't call and get a new HAT and some READY-MADE CLOTHING, while they are going so cheap; or supply themselves with a great many of the other good things so useful to housekeepers to be found at JENKINS & PERRY'S.

Please call and buy a little, if it is only ever so much.

May 23-244-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

AGENTS FOR STIEFF'S 1st. PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE

PIANOS.

FACTORIES 84 & 86 CAMDEN ST., AND 45 & 47 FERRY ST., OPPOSITE THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. OFFICE, AND WAREROOMS NO. 7. W. LIBERTY ST., ABOVE BALTIMORE, BALTIMORE, Md.,

Stieff's new Scale Pianos, with the Agraffe treble and Ivory fronts, are pronounced by the best Professors and Amateurs to be the best Pianos now in use. They are fully warranted for 5 years, with privilege of exchange within 12 months, if not entirely satisfactory to the purchaser.

Second hand Pianos and Cabinet Organs always on hand from $50 to $300.

REFERENCES: (Who have our Pianos in use:) Gen. Robt. E. Lee, Lexington, Va., Gen. Robt. Ransom, Wilmington, N. C., Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kittrell's Springs, N. C., Max Strakosch, Director Italian Opera, and Miss Caroline M. Richings, of the English Opera.

TERMS LIBERAL, A CALL IS SOLICITED.

May 22-243-3m

$25 REWARD.

Stolen from the Subscriber, on the 30th. April 1867, One LIGHT SORRELL HORSE MULE; 8 or 9 years old. This mule is rather under common size, and was barefooted when taken; roach, mane and tail, and with close examination can be seen a very small speck of white hair on his right rump; and on his back, about where the hind part of the saddle works, you will find a small knot caused by hurt.

The above reward will be paid to any one taking him up or giving any information that will lead to his recovery.

WILLIAM HOUSE,

Durham's, Orange Co., N. C.

May 25-246-1wdaw*

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall.

JAMES M. TOWLES,

Feb20-165-tf Auctioneer.

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9.30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.50 P. M.
" " leaves	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,

May 6-229-tf Gen. Sup't.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid

DRY GOODS.

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,

AND

GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS-WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes, Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the goods, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices.

Cor. Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.

May 2-226-2m.

BOOK STORE.

ALFRED WILLIAMS. C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 10 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
50 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-168-tf

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REPAIR

We have in Store one of these celebrated Machines, which we will sell on accommodating terms.

We have also made arrangements to furnish on short notice Grain Cradles, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Horse Rakes, Fan Mills, Cotton Gins &c., &c., at *manufacturers' prices.*

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 4-228-tf

FAMILY ROE HERRINGS.

Inspected and warranted!

A few Half Barrels just received and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

my 17-226-tf

JENNY LIND CREAM CHEESE!

The richest and very best variety of Cheese made. Will keep during Summer, without injuring and altogether something exceedingly nice and good. Strawberries and Cream ain't no *whar.*

JENKINS & PERRY.

May 23-244-tf

COOKING STOVES.

We have received a large addition to our stock.

COOKING STOVES,

Various Patterns.

J. BROWN,

May 21-243 With HART & LEWIS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.

April 6-205-1ywad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 30,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River st., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

CHASTELLAR'S

Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

April 6-1ydaw

WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. REVIGNES' RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most

wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY. Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEBREUX FRISEUR LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls.—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents, Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

my 6-154-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
IRBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

Feb 15-162

JOHN S. DANCY, JOHN H. HYMAN,
OF TARBORO, N.C., OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

No. 94, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice.—Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.

Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medication, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," conjoined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. GREEN, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His Address is Mt. Carmel, Halifax county, Va.

April 9-207-3m

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country. Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

AND SALE OF PROPERTY.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR on the estate of JOHN O'ROURK, dec'd. at May Term 1867, of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Wake County, I hereby notify *creditors* of the estate to present their claims within the time prescribed by law; and the debtors to make payment.

There will be a *Sale* of the personal property belonging to the estate, on Tuesday the 18th of June next, at the late residence of the deceased, near the city of Raleigh, upon the usual terms. With other personal effects will be sold the growing crops of *Rye, Wheat and Oats.*

PATRICK FERRALL,

Raleigh, N. C. May 29-ed18J. Administrator.

LIME.

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12.00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $7.00
Do. " Hillsboro, 2.25
Do. " Raleigh, 2.70

Apply to

POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care.

Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

Jan 24-tf

IRON AND TIN WARE.

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,

April 11-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Balwier Knives and Forks, and Knives only.

Guano Droppers, made and on hand.

J. BROWN,

April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL.

AT 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.

J. BROWN,

April 29-224-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware,
Bowls and Pitchers,
Edged and C. C. Plates,
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.

ALSO,

Framed Looking Glasses.

J. BROWN,

April 23-219-tf With HART & LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads,
Hoop Iron and Cast Steel.

J. BROWN,

May 2-226-tf With HART & LEWIS.

GRAIN AND GRASS SCYTHES.

Scythe Sneaths,
Indiana Pond Stones,
For Grass and Grain Scythes.

J. BROWN,

Raleigh, May 8-229-tf With HART & LEWIS

WESTERN EMPIRE COOKING STOVES, Well furnished, on hand.

J. BROWN,

my 6-229-tf With HART & LEWIS

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL

1867 ROAD. 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88 Liberty Street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked, C. R. ALLEN,

Dec 5—tf Freight Agt. R. & G. R. R.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Dilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dysentery, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED,

FOR THE CURE OF DISPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic to debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact whenever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston R. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists,

1306 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Oct 19-ly **Richmond, Va.**

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1,00
For two months,	2,00
Three months,	2,50
Six months,	5,0
One year,	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,0
" " six months,	2,50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 00
" " six months,	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1867.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

There are some persons, and one or two presses, in the State, who find it necessary to apologize for their co-operation with the Radical malignants, by denying that their purposes are of the ultra and vindictive character ascribed to them. The presumption deducible from such declarations clearly is, that if they could be persuaded that they are in error, they would promptly cease their present affiliations. We must say that we are more than incredulous on this point.

These same persons and presses further defend their political associations, upon the ground that the class of men in the State with whom they have identified themselves are peculiarly "acceptable to Congress." It is a flimsy and trifling pretext, utterly unworthy grown-up, sensible men.

The truth is, both of these excuses are as open as a sieve and can be seen though as clearly. They poorly cover the natural political instincts, selfish motives or timid counsels of the pretenders.

The Congressional Acts prescribe certain things as essential to be done. So far as we are concerned,—and we believe that, in what we have said, we have reflected the feelings of nine-tenths of the white people of the State,—we have repeatedly stated that if those who impudently affect the exclusive right to lead in the work of re-construction will plant themselves squarely and broadly upon the congressional platform,—nothing less and *nothing more*,—we would cease all opposition to their pretensions, and allow them to strut, to their hearts' content, in all the self-righteousness of "loyalty" which they have arrogated. The conservative press of the State, with almost entire unanimity, have repeated the proposition and tendered the same assurance. *It has not been met* by a solitary one of the four or five Jacobin prints in North Carolina. Their columns, too, are filled with the resolutions and platforms of county and district meetings, held by blacks who are deluded to attend them, and a few obscure whites, who were never heard of before, all of which contemplate measures beyond the Reconstruction acts,—in some cases extended disfranchisement, in others confiscation, and yet in others both combined. We have not yet seen the proceedings of a solitary one of these crazy meetings that has stopped at the terms of the Reconstruction acts. These native Radicals are more malignant than Stevens, and more brutal than Butler. Brownlow is their *beau ideal* of a statesman and a patriot, and they will be satisfied with nothing short of the reign of Brownlowism in North Carolina.

One would suppose that such evidences would be sufficient to convince the persons and presses, to whom we have referred, as to the designs of the Radical leaders in this State. We fear, however, that they are of the class, who

—"Convinced against their will,
Are of the same opinion still."

Again, as to acceptability to Congress:—Where is the evidence that these would-be *leaders* in the work of reconstruction *are* so acceptable? Five-sixths of them are expressly disfranchised by the terms of the military act. At least one-half of them were original secessionists. As to Mr. Holden, who aspires to be the champion, *par excellence*, of the "truly loyal," he was rejected, on account of his secession antecedents, by the Senate, for an important foreign mission, and the Attorney General has recently affirmed, in his opinion, in effect, that if any class of men are rendered peculiarly obnoxious by the terms of the Act, they are those who, like Mr. Holden and Mr. Dick, signed ordinances of secession.

We can daguerreotype these leaders as faithfully as the sun can impress them on the metallic surface. They were, many of them, secessionists *per se* as far back as 1856. In the beginning of the war, they were the most blatant revilers of Lincoln and the "yankees." In the latter stages of the conflict, their knees got weak, and they sought to shield their guilty heads from the consequences of defeat, by an unmanly and craven whimpering that what they had theretofore done was under duress. To conciliate the favor of the Government, and to screen themselves from punishment, they commenced, immediately after the close of hostilities, to abuse, slander and persecute those whom they had led into the vortex of war. They were enthusiastic advocates of the policy of President Johnson, until that policy developed generosity and magnanimity. They were bitter opponents of negro-suffrage, until they saw a hope, through its agency, of putting themselves into power and glutting their revenge upon the people whom they had deluded, and therefore hated. These two things,—lust of power and office and malice towards their fellow-citizens,—are the main-springs of all their action.

We wish it distinctly understood that we do not class in this category all those in North Carolina who style themselves "Republicans." There *is* a conservative and reasonable element in that organization, considerable in numbers we hope, who are uninfluenced by such considerations. They desire, of course, the ascendency of their party, but they would scorn to achieve it at the expense of the peace and quiet of the State, and through the humiliation and oppression of the masses of the people.—Such men owe it to themselves and to the country, to dissociate themselves from the unscrupulous and vindictive latter-day element that has engrafted itself upon their organization. Let them come out, and they will be met in a conciliating, sacrificing spirit upon any generous, amicable and liberal platform.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION.

The following synoptical analysis of the opinion of Attorney General Stanbery, which we copy from the Charleston *Mercury*, embraces all the important points of that document. Our readers will do well to preserve it for future reference:

REGISTRATION.

1st. Qualification or disqualification is fixed by registration.

2d. No power is given to any other board or any other authority, after registration is completed, to change the registers; and persons whose names are admitted to registration are entitled to vote and none others.

3d. The registration must be completed before September 1, 1867. At that time, the functions of the board as a board of registration cease, and after that, its duties are limited to holding and superintending elections and making the required returns.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR REGISTRATION.

1. *One year's residence in the State, at the time of registration, is not necessary*; but if a person who has been duly registered has not at the holding of any subsequent election been a resident of the State for one year, counting from the day of that election, the person so registered cannot vote at such election.

2. By the acts, the qualification to registration is citizenship of the United States and of the State; the phrase being intended to include only such as are both citizens of the United States and of a State. Aliens, not citizens of the United States, cannot safely take the required oath; but *the board of registration have only authority to administer the prescribed oath* and cannot require further proof, so that an alien, not a citizen, may take the oath at his peril and subject to prosecution.

3. No person is entitled to registration who is not twenty-one years of age *on the day that he applies for registration.*

DISFRANCHISEMENT.

Under the Military acts, the following causes work disfranchisement: Treason or participation in rebellion; commission of a felony; membership of any State Legislature, or tenure of any executive or judicial office in any State, with subsequent engagement in insurrection or rebellion, or the giving of aid and comfort to any enemy of the United States; the taking of an oath, as a member of Congress or officer of the United States or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judical officer of any State, or to support the Constitution of the United States, with subsequent engagement in insurrection or rebellion against, or the giving of aid and comfort to the enemies of, the United States. Upon these grave questions, the Attorney General offers the following opinions; but it will always be borne in mind that the exclusion as to holding office is all comprehensive as to time, and applies, not only to those who were in office when the rebellion commenced, but to those who held the prohibited offices at any previous time, although they may have ceased to hold such an office an indefinite number of years prior to the rebellion:

1. TREASON OR FELONY.

The commission of felony or the participation in rebellion does not of itself work disfranchisement. It must be ascertained by judgment of court or legislative act passed by competent authority; and the disfranchisement depends on a conviction in the courts either of the United States or of a State, or on a declaration of the laws of either. The United States laws do not work disfranchisement, as a consequence of conviction of treason or conspiracy to commit treason; nor in the ten Southern States is there any statute in force except, perhaps, in Virginia, which declares disfranchisement by force of the act itself. So that in this State, *disfranchisement for treason or felony depends absolutely upon a previous conviction of the offence in the State or the Federal Courts.*

2. MEMBERS OF STATE LEGISLATURES AND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

All members of Southern State Legislatures and members of Congress who, afterwards, engaged in insurrection or rebellion, or gave aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States, are clearly disfranchised. All members of legislative bodies which passed ordinances of secession are disfranchised; but it is doubtful whether simple membership of a Convention held for the sole purpose of amending the Constitution of a State, would, in itself, work disfranchisement.

3. STATE, EXECUTIVE OR JUDICIAL OFFICERS.

All militia officers, as such, are not disfranchised, as they are not included in the terms "executive or judicial officers of a State." But this freedom from distranchisement refers only to the class of militia officers who were such prior to to the rebellion, and not to that class who became military officers during the rebellion, who are liable to disfranchisement on conviction of participation in it. The Governor, Lieutenant Governor, State Auditor, Treasurer, Secretary and State officials proper, who exercise functions at the seat of government, and State Judges of courts whose jurisdiction extends over the United States, are disfranchised; but the Attorney General is not prepared to say that only the foregoing come within the term "executive and judicial officers."

Municipal officers, such as officers of cities, towns, villages and subordinate municipal divisions, whether their functions are executive or judicial, or both, are not, as such, distranchised.

In addition to those officers before mentioned, who clearly do or do not come within the term of the act as to "judicial or executive officers," there remains a vast number of officers whose *status* is undefined. These are known as county, township and precinct officers. The Attorney General is collecting information concerning this class, which includes sheriffs and justices of the county courts, and will issue a further opinion with regard to them.

All other executive and judicial officers who are not, in popular language, characterized as County officers, do, in the opinion of Mr. Stanbery, come under the disqualifying clause.

Persons who exercise or exercised special or occasional public duties, are not included as State officers, and such as the following are, therefore, not disfranchised: commissioners of public works, directors of State asylums, visitors of State universities, State directors of banks or other corporations, special commissioners or agents appointed by State authority to perform special duties, as examiners of banks, Notaries Public, and Commissioners of Deeds.

4. OATHS OF OFFICE.

Any person who has taken an oath of office to support the Constitution of the United States and has violated that oath and engaged in rebellion, is disfranchised.—This clause, as far as the executive or judicial officers of a State are concerned, does not enlarge the class subject to disfranchisement, because the officer breaking the oath must also be "a judicial or executive officer" of a State, according to the rule hereinbefore mentioned. Thus a militia officer or a Notary Public, who had taken the said oath, would not be disfranchised under this clause, because he is not held to be a State judicial or executive officer.

All officers of the United States, both civil and military, who have violated their oaths, are of course disfranchised.

5. ENGAGING IN INSURRECTION OR REBELLION AND GIVING AID AND COMFORT.

These, without concurrent holding of one of the designated offices, accompanied by the taking of the oath of office, do not work disfranchisement. The two elements must concur, and in the order mentioned, for a person who has held a designated office and had taken the oath and had not *afterwards* participated in a rebellion, may safely take the registration oath.

The clause, however, comprehends *every* rebellion which has taken place in the United States; and *every* foreign war in which the United States has ever been engaged. A person, therefore, who gave aid and comfort to the enemies of the United States in the war with Great Britain of 1812, or in the war with Mexico in 1347, would be disqualified.

All persons who did any overt act, either individually or officially, or in a civil or military capacity, in furtherance of or for the purpose of promoting the rebellion, did, under the law, engage in rebellion.

Soldiers compelled to service by conscription, and slaves serving or aiding by the command of their masters, or by military order, did not "engage in rebellion," and are not disfranchised.

Officers who, during the rebellion, discharged official duties not incident to the war, but in preservation of order and administration of law, are not to be considered as engaging in rebellion. This applies to all offices of a purely civil character, such as civil and county municipal offices, and all others of like nature, which were not created for the furtherance of the war or the more effectual carrying on of hostilities.

Some direct overt act, done with intent to further the rebellion, is necessary to bring the party within the provision and meaning of the law; and the person applying for registration is not, therefore, required to clear himself from any taint of disloyalty incurred by mere disloyal sentiments or expressions.

Mere acts of common humanity or charity are not participation in rebellion, nor are forced contributions or the compulsory payment of taxes in aid of the rebellion; but voluntary contributions, subscriptions to loans, and even organized contributions of food or clothing or necessary supplies, except of a strictly sanitary character, are to be classed with acts which disqualify.

DUTIES AND POWERS OF REGISTRATION BOARDS.

No other oath can be required of, or administered to, any applicant for registration but that contained in the Supplementary act. Any other would be extra-judicial and without authority, and false swearing could not be assigned as perjury upon such unauthorized oath.

No authority is given to enter upon any outside inquiry into the qualification of the person proposing to register, for the oath itself is the sole and only test of the qualification of the applicant. If he take that oath his name must go upon the registry; the board cannot inquire whether he has sworn falsely or truly; that enquiry must be reserved to the court which may afterwards have jurisdiction to try him on an indictment for perjury.

In superintending the elections it is the duty of the boards to receive the votes of the persons whose names are up for registration, and to reject all others. There is no provision anywhere to surcharge or falsify, or to add a single name to the registration, or to erase a single name which appears upon it.

The New York "Hide and Leather Journal" notices a few of the differences in the shape of the pedal extremities of people in various sections of the country:

"Shoes made for one locality are not adapted to all. For instance, a broad shoe, wide in the shank, is best adapted to the eastern trade, a narrow sole meeting with but little favor. Rhode Island, though the smallest State in the Union, can boast of having some of the biggest feet that ever trod sole leather. The Middle States require slimmer shoes and higher in the instep than the East. The instep grows higher as we progress Southward, commencing with Virginia, and the foot shorter and more plump. Rarely, at the North, does a full grown man wear less than a No. 6, running up in the scale of sizes to No. 11; but at the South, many a full sized man wears fours and fives, and seldom over nines."

LOUISVILLE, May 30.—The inauguration of Hart's marble statue of Henry Clay took place to-day, and was one of the most brilliant demonstrations ever made in this city. The procession of different orders and associations was very long and imposing. Judge W. F. Bullock delivered an eloquent oration in front of the court-house, which was listened to by an immense crowd of both sexes and all colors. The ode written for the occasion by George D. Prentice is pronounced to be his ablest effort. Business was fully suspended.

NASHVILLE, May 30.—A reign of terror exists in Franklin county, caused by Governor Brownlow's militia. Citizens held a meeting at Winchester on Wednesday night, at which it was reported that the militia had taken a man named Brown and shot him dead, and had also shot at another citizen. Many are hiding to avoid being killed.

The President was petitioned to protect the lives and property of the people. Failing to do this, they were recommended to protect themselves.

A despatch from Washington to the New York *Tribune* says: An energetic effort is made by the impeachment party, and Mr. Sumner and others, to bring a sufficient number of members of Congress here in July to form a quorum of both Houses. Mr. Sumner says he only remains here himself to help make up that quorum, and, if possible, pass a law to give suffrage to the negroes in the Northern States and in the Territories.—Thirty-three letters to members were sent of on Tuesday by the impeachment party, urging them to come on, and a large number have been written to by Mr. Sumner, who urges them to come in aid of his suffrage proposition.

TORONTO, May 30.—Jefferson Davis arrived here on the steamer Champion this morning, and was enthusiastically cheered by a large crowd. He drove to the residence of Major Hellman in company with Mr. Mason and General Early. He afterwards received a number of visitors, and left in the afternoon for Niagara Falls. He will return here for a few days, but intends to to reside at St. Catherine's.

Brick Pomeroy says the female suffrage bill was passed by the Wisconsin Legislature as a joke. The bill must be acted upon by another legislature, and then submitted to the people before it becomes a law.

The New York *Freeman's Journal*, of last week, says: "Let us prepare to repudiate the Lincoln war debt! When we do that, labor will once more make a good living for the laborers."

THE MEANEST man we have heard from is that one at Northampton, Mass., who sued his brother the other day for $20, for the board of himself and wife, during a visit which they paid him three years ago, when first married.

THE REMAINS of Captain John Thomas Wheat, who fell at Shiloh, accompanied by his parents, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Wheat, reached Nashville on the 22d, and were to be buried the following day.

DIED,

At his residence, in Franklin County, on the 1st. inst., ALEXANDER MCKINNE, in his seventy-first year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.

The building lately occupied by the Biblical Recorder Printing Office, known as the old Register Office. Enquire on the premises.

HUPHAM & HUGHES.

June 4-253-tf

FISH! FISH!!

The very best N. C. Family Roe Herrings, Cut and Gross Herrings, and Shad, in ½ Bbls. and Barrels—low for cash.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

June 4-253-tf

BOARDING.

Corner of Davie and Dawson Sts., Raleigh, N. C. Mrs. Hughes is prepared to accommodate a few more gentlemen with good Board and Lodging. Terms very reasonable. Strangers visiting the city will find this house the place to be comfortable and save money.

June 4-253-3t

FOR RENT.

A small family, living in a most desirable part of the city, having a large, commodious residence, would rent *half* of the house and lot, including kitchen, pantry, smoke-house, garden &c., to desirable parties.

The house can be had furnished or unfurnished; either by the month or year. There is also a most delightful well of water on the lot. Terms moderate. Apply at the

"SENTINEL" OFFICE.

June 4-253 tf

TO THE TRADE!

10 bbls. Superior Molasses,
10 " Porto Rico Sugar,

ALSO,

N. C. Cut and Gross Herrings,
Received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Market Square.

June 4-253-tf

SOMETHING NEW!

PHOTOGRAPH BIBLES!

STUART'S FREEMASON'S MANUAL!

IS DAVIS A TRAITOR?

Dr. Livingstone's Travels and Explorations in South Africa.

Illustrated Dictionery of the Bible, &c.

All just to hand at Fentress's corner, our new store.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

June 4-253-tf

CAMPBELL EATON.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE public that he is prepared to execute jobs of

HOUSE PAINTING,

in the best style and at cheaper rates than any other workman in the City.

"Campbell" would refer for testimonials as to the character of his work to most of the gentlemen in the City—for whom he has heretofore done jobs. Orders left at Pescud's Drug Store will be attended to.

June 4-253-1w

HENRY J. BROWN,

OPPOSITE THE MASONIC LODGE,

KEEPS ON HAND

FISK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES ALSO Walnut and other Wood Coffins.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to. A good HEARSE kept on hand.

ALSO,

Dealer in Furniture,

MANUFACTURED AND REPAIRED.

June 4 253-1m.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } Chowan County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

T. J. Bland, } *vs.* } *Attachment,*
T. L. Bell. }

IT appearing to the Court, that the defendant is not a resident of this State, it is ordered that publication be made, for six weeks, in the Raleigh *Sentinel*, that he appear at the next term of the Court, to be held at the Court house in Edenton, on the 1st. Monday of August next, to plead, answer or demur to this cause, or judgment by default will be entered against him.

Witness, Wm R. SKINNER, Clerk of said Court, at office in Edenton, the 1st. Monday of May, A. D. 1867.

June 4-253-wsw

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn or shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

A. CREECH.

May 31-250-tf

Progress copy one week.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

HILLSBORO, N. C.

MESSRS NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 30th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

FISH! FISH!! FISH!!!

100 Bbls. N. C. Cut Herrings—nice and bright.
40 " " Family Roe "
4000 " Dried "

In Store on consignment

R. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

Raleigh, N. C. June 3-253-tf

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	35,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th, the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
Proprietor.

June 3-253-2m

ASSETS OVER

$5,000,000,

IN THE

ÆTNA LIFE INS. CO.;

CHARTERED IN 1820.

W. H. CROW, Genl Agent for

NORTH CAROLINA,

OFFICE NORTH OF THE CAPITOL,

RALEIGH.

STATEMENT OF FACTS FOR THE PUBLIC:

It is a fact that 50 per cent who paid on the policies the 1st. Jan'y 1867, to those having paid their premium for two years.

It is a fact that the following amounts have been paid at this office:

JUDITH KINSEY'S,	Raleigh,	5,000
J. E. WEEKS,	Elizabeth City	5,000
T. J. GARNER,	Weldon	3,000
S. B. TURNAGE,	Kinston	10,000

It is also a fact that the Company, are now ready to pay ANOTHER loss, by the death of Col. Jno. P. Sanders, of Johnston county of $5,000, who died 17th. May, and the Administrator is invited to come forward.

It is a fact that half of the premium can be paid by a note at 6 per ct. int: and a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge.

It is a fact, as stated in the Wall Street Reporter: The Ætna Company is one of the 1st. Class Companies in America.

Widows and Orphans of the true hearted and provident will be a blessing indeed.

Any further information will be cheerfully imparted by the agent at his office or sent by mail.

W. H. CROW, G. A.

TRAVELLING AGENTS.

A. W. LAWRENCE,
ED. JOHNSON,
J. E. SPEARMAN.

June 3-253-1m

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING!

YOUTH'S CLOTHING!

BOYS' CLOTHING!

PRICES LESS THAN IN 1860!

FABRICS AS RELIABLE!

WORKMANSHIP the same! UNEQUALED in Cut! We can sell a *Suit of Clothes for less money than the Cloth and Trimmings will Cost!* bought at retail.

CALL AND SEE OUR

NEW STOCK OF SUMMER CLOTHING.

Dress Frocks, Sacks, Vests, Pants, &c.,

AT

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.
Successors to E. L. HARDING.

June 1-252-1m

JUST RECEIVED,

A handsome lot of BOYS' CLOTHING.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

June 1-252-1m

READ THE FOLLOWING CONCERNING

FOWLING PIECES.

MANY PERSONS SEEM UNCERTAIN AS to the construction of Gen. Scales' order against carrying "deadly weapons," and are afraid to hunt squirrels, &c. We are assured by an officer on the General's staff, that the order is only intended to prohibit the too common practice of carrying concealed weapons upon the person, and to check the lawlessness so prevalent in certain sections of the country.—*Union Register.*

At the suggestion of numerous friends, we have ordered a few

EXCELLENT SHOT GUNS!

Which we will sell at a small advance on the manufacturer's price.

Call and see the article at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.
Clothing and Furnishing Store.

Raleigh, June 1-252-1m

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

WILL BE OPENED 1ST. OF JUNE, 1867.

The popular and far-famed WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in Greenbrier county, West Virginia, will be open the ensuing season for the accommodation of a large number of visitors, and will be kept in the best style by the Lessees, GEORGE L. PEYTON & CO., assisted by WILLIAM H. PEYTON, brother of the principal, both of whom are experienced hotel-keepers.

Near the White Sulphur is an excellent Chalybeate Spring.

Rosenberger's celebrated BRASS AND STRING BAND of Baltimore has been engaged for the season.

The rights of parties owning Cottages at those Springs will be respected upon their giving timely notice to the lessees of their purpose to occupy them.

The railroad will be completed to Covington by 1st. July; from thence to the Springs by stage, and a sufficiency of coaches will be provided to ensure comfort to passengers, as not over ten will go upon a single coach.

Cholera is unknown in the regions of the White Sulphur Springs.

GEO L. PEYTON & CO.

June 1-252-6w

NEW CAROLINA RICE,

Just received by

DOUGLAS BELL,
Market Square.

May 30—tf

COLLEGE COMMENCEMENTS.

OFFICE NORTH CAROLINA R. R. CO., Company Shops, N. C. May 28, 1867.

VISITORS TO CHAPEL HILL, TRINITY AND Thomasville Female College Commencements, and to Raleigh, when the President visits the City, will go and return for one fare.

Tickets must be purchased. When payment is made on the Train, full fare both ways will be collected.

JAMES ANDERSON,
Sup't.

May 30-250-1J10

LIFE INSURANCE.

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

THE ÆTNA LIFE PRESENTS THE MOST signal example of American progress and accumulative energy. Every branch and department of the institution appears to be replete with the most active vitality and growth, and the rapidity of its advancement is so great that it promises to eclipse all its competitors and to become, if it is not already, the first *Life* Insurance Company of America.

How nearly these presages are already accomplished and how certain they are of complete and speedy fulfilment, may be gathered from the following facts. In 1861 it issued 589 policies, the premiums amounting to but 479,351.67. Since that period its growth has been something altogether unprecedented in the history of Life Insurance, its business having been annually doubled, tripled, and, on one occasion, almost quadrupled, till it has culminated in the yearly issue of over fourteen thousand policies, insuring over forty million dollars, at the same time that it was the recipient of the annual revenue of over Three and a Half Millions of Dollars.

It accordingly appears that the Ætna Life insured last year, with one exception, the largest number of persons of any Company in the United States, and even as to amount insured it is surpassed by only two Companies, and it is probable that it would not have been excelled by them in this respect, if it were not deemed incompatible with its permanent interests to grant a single policy for a sum exceeding ten thousand dollars; for, although so remarkably progressive, the Ætna's course has always been equally prudent, safe and conservative. But certainly in its increase of business in 1866 over that of 1865, including the issue of policies, amount insured, and total income, when its position and that of other Companies at the commencement of last year are duly considered, it must be regarded, beyond comparison, as the most successful of all. The present year witnesses no abatement of this youthful vigor and growth. On the contrary, we learn that the Company's increase of business in 1867 is nearly double that of the corresponding months of 1866. The realization of the avowed purpose of the management of the Ætna Life to make their Company the first, largest and best in the Union, appears therefore to have become a part of the "manifest destiny of the nation."

It must be admitted that there is something truly inspiring in the contemplation of the noble achievements of this Company; for although the material progress it has made is measurable by the actuary, the good it has done and the good it is yet destined to accomplish, transcend the calculation of all but Omniscience. The battle's victory, the triumph of material art and science are less glorious than the conquests of genuine philanthropy, of which Life Insurance is perhaps the most perfect emanation. In all countries and in all times the widow and orphan have been regarded as special objects of solicitude and bounty by the good and great, and even in the dark ages, the dauntless and true knight added a crowning lustre to his fame by affording them relief and protection. Yet never until now—never until the complete establishment of Life Insurance, have the widow, orphan, and such dependants been justly, sufficiently, liberally and honorably provided for, and a Company like the Ætna Life, that takes the lead in this most beneficent work, is therefore deserving of all honor, praise and encouragement.

There is yet one feature peculiar to the Ætna Life entitled to especial commendation and that is its economy. In this regard, notwithstanding its activity, youth, growth, and amount of new business, it presents a remarkable exception, and the skill and care of its President, E. A. Bulkeley, Esq., and its zealous and able Secretary, T. O Enders, Esq., are manifested in the success which has attended their efforts to unite in their management the qualities of extraordinary efficiency and strict economy. The ratio of the Ætna's expenses to premium and total income is lower than that of the Mutual Life, its Titanic rival, and, under the latter heading, less than that of the Connecticut Mutual, notwithstanding the advantages possessed by these companies in their great accumulation of many years' business; but, although the ratio of the Ætna's disbursements is now considerably below the general average, it might have been reduced below that of any but for its generous, and in many instances, most laudable practice of paying claims before maturity. It keeps no orphan or widow waiting for her insurance money, even when not yet legally payable. It consults the spirit and design of the institution rather than the policy of preparing materials for an attractive exhibit. This genial benevolence and liberal dealing render the company a great favorite with the public.

Similar commendation might be justly extended to its other popular features and reforms, including its non-forfeiture policies, its helpful credit given during the continuance of policy, its equitable division of all the profits among the insured, except the six per cent. on the stock capital, and its excellent and productive dividend system. The last feature has afforded great satisfaction to its members, for its dividend which "is paid two years from date of policy and annually thereafter on the amount of premium," has this year, and for several years past, amounted to 50 per cent., and is paid promptly in the same year it is declared in cash on cash policies, or applied to the credit of those who have received credit.

We should, however, exceed the space to which we are restricted, if we were to enumerate the special advantages enjoyed by the members of the Ætna Life, who now number over thirty thousand, and who seem to fully appreciate their privileges, for they are the company's voluntary and in many instances most efficient agents, and assist in spreading its benefits with an earnestness and cordiality which speak well for their benevolence and volumes for the institution itself.

The Ætna Life is one of our soundest and safest Life corporations. It has over five million dollars securely invested, and a million dollars surplus above all liabilities, including the full value of all its existing policies. From every point of view this great Company displays features of special merit and unusual excellence; and if the prediction that its issue of policies during this year will amount to twenty-two thousand and its receipts to seven million dollars, should be fulfilled, it will get no more than its due—no more than the best friends of Life Insurance and of humanity (for they are identical) sincerely trust it will obtain and employ, as hitherto, to the advancement and elevation of society and eventually to the grateful relief and honorable maintenance of the widows and orphans of the provident and true hearted.

W. H. CROW,
Gen'l. Agent, Raleigh.

DR. W. H. MCKEE,
Examining Physician.

June 1-252-5t.

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, via stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-1m*

GRAIN CRADLES.

Just received a supply of Sinclair's Patent 5 and 6 finger Grain Cradles—the very best make out. Orders solicited at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
Agent.

May 28-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

IRISH POTATOES.

5 bbls. Jackson Whites, (selected for family use,) received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.

May 31-251-tf

YEAST POWDERS.

Another lot of Warren's "celebrated" Yeast Powders, received to-day by

DOUGLAS BELL.

May 31-251-tf

LIME, LIME.

A new consignment of 180 Barrels Fresh Burnt Lump Lime to arrive and will be sold very low if taken in quantity at the North Carolina Depot.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Commission Merchant

May 31-251-1w

FLOUR! FLOUR!! FLOUR!!!

Seventy Sacks of North Carolina FLOUR, from $7 to $9 per sack. In store and for sale by

D. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.

my 29-250-tf

POSTPONED TO JUNE 17.

GRAND CHARITABLE

PRESENTATION CONCERT.

—IN AID OF THE—

SOUTHERN ORPHAN ASSOCIATION.

(Incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, January 30, 1867.)

TO BE GIVEN AT THE

MARYLAND INSTITUTE,

BALTIMORE,

JUNE 17th. 1867.

THE PROFITS OF THIS CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN TO THE SOUTHERN ORPHANS' ASSOCIATION, TO THESUBJOINED ADDRESS FROM THE OFFICERS OF WHICH WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC.

THE officers of the southern Orphans' Association, for the maintenance and education of the destitute orphans of deceased Southern soldiers and sailors, earnestly solicit the sympathy and co-operation in our

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT

OF ALL WHO DESIRE TO SEE THE

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

Enabled to receive and care for all the needy ones who seek its shelter and protection.

It is the design of this Association to erect a

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

for the Orphans of the South, both male and female, on an extensive scale, in the city of Richmond, Va. As an inducement to have the building located there, the Common Council of that city have guaranteed a sufficient lot of land, in an elevated and healthful location, and will increase the quantity of land if needed.

It is with a confident hope and a favorable response to this appeal to a public which has never yet failed to sustain a charitable institution, that we have entered into an arrangement with Messrs. L. T. Palmer & Co., No. 13 Holliday street, Baltimore, to organize a Grand Musical Presentation Concert for its benefit, and earnestly solicit the kindly aid and patronage of the public to ensure its success.

It may seem unnecessary to add a single word to the above address, but calls upon the Institution have been so numerous and pressing, and the struggle through which it is now passing to widen the circle of its charities, is of such an arduous nature that the management cannot too strongly urge upon the

HUMANE AND PATHETIC

everywhere an active participation in this additional attempt to alleviate the sad condition of great numbers of helpless children, rendered so by the fearful scourge through which we have passed. And, secondly, whatever may have been the relative views of ladies and gentlemen heretofore, as to the most expedient mode of, as far as possible, by any possibility, have had any necessity of struggling about their present

DEPLORABLE AND DESTITUTE CONDITION

and are suitable objects for the charity of all persons of whatever shade of political opinion. The

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

which they now more particularly seek to establish and endow, will be of incalculable benefit by providing not only food and raiment for these helpless ones, but likewise solid and thorough education, thus qualifying them for

FUTURE USEFULNESS

TO SOCIETY AT LARGE.

In order that this appeal may be effectual in enlisting the active interest and co-operation of all classes of persons everywhere, we have concluded to issue for the GRAND

PRESENTATION MUSICAL CONCERT

500,000 tickets at the nominal price of $1 each—a single ticket entitling the purchaser to a gift—there being one gift to every ticket. The gifts are as follows:

An elegant Farm of 211 acres, improved with extensive dwellings and outbuildings, saw and grist mill, making the property invaluable	$30,000
A gift of $10,000 in gold, valued at	13,500
A Farm of 10 acres, highly improved near the city of Baltimore	10,000
A gift in Greenbacks	5,000
A three-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	5,000
A three-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	4,000
A two-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore	2,000
Two gifts in Greenbacks, $1,000 each	2,000
Ten gifts in Greenbacks, $500 each	5,000
Fifty gifts in Greenbacks, $100 each	5,000
One hundred gifts in Greenbacks, $50 each	5,000
One Grand Piano	1,500
One Grand Piano	1,000
Two square Pianos, $500 each	1,000
Ten Parlor Organs, $150 each	1,500
One hundred Gent's Gold Watches, $150 each	15,000
One Hundred Ladies' Gold Watches, $100 each	10,000
Fifty Silver Plated Tea Sets, $75 each	3,750
One Hundred Elliptic Sewing Machines, $75 each	7,500
One Hundred Gent's Silver Watches, $65 each	6,500
One Hundred Ladies' Fine Gold Chains and Pins, $40 each	4,000
Two Hundred Oil Paintings, $50 each	10,000
Five Hundred

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 14 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the exent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1867.

THE PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION IN RALEIGH!

ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME!!

Long before the regular hour for the arrival of the Northern train, last evening, an immense concourse of persons of all ages, sexes and colors was assembled at the depot, to greet the honored Chief of the Nation on his visit to his native city.

In the morning, the heads of our State Departments, a Committee of the City Commissioners, the Marshal of the State, Dr. Jobe, Postal Agent of the State, and perhaps others, had gone to Weldon to welcome the President, and his distinguished associates, —the Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State, and the Hon. Alexander Randall, Postmaster General,—to the confines of the State. At this point they were briefly addressed in a speech of welcome by K. P. Battle, Esq., Public Treasurer, and respectively made suitable acknowledgments.

At all the intermediate stations between Weldon and Raleigh, crowds of people were collected to see the President, and he was everywhere greeted with the most cordial demonstrations, which he acknowledged with much feeling. At Kittrell's the party partook of an elegant dinner prepared by Dr. Blacknall.

The military escort of honor at the depot consisted of a detachment of infantry, a squadron of cavalry, and the band of the 40th. Regiment U. S. Infantry. There were also a large number of mounted staff officers in attendance. Among the distinguished gentlemen, military and civil, who were present, we noticed Gens. D. E. Sickles, Miles, Barns, Avery, and Green, and Col. Bomford, Gov. Worth, Ex-Govs. Graham, Swain, Manly and Bragg, Judge Reade, of the Supreme Court, and many others from different sections of the State.

As the President and his suite emerged from the cars, they were received with a round of enthusiastic cheers, and with appropriate honors by the military. W. D. Haywood, Esq., Mayor of the City, then addressed the President as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT:—Allow me, Sir, in behalf of the City Council, and citizens generally, to tender to you a cordial welcome to the hospitalities of the City of Raleigh.

I trust, Sir, the visit you now make to your native State and City, after an absence of many years, may be as agreeable to yourself and friends who accompany you, as I know it will be pleasing to our people.

Many of the friends and associates of your youthful days have passed away, but there are still some remaining, who will be delighted to honor one who has, by his own exertions, ascended the ladder of fame, step by step, to its topmost round,—the proud and honorable position of President of the United States of America.

The President briefly replied, thanking the Mayor for the kindess of his reception, and expressing the emotion which he felt on returning to his native City after an absence of so many years.

The party were then escorted, in carriages drawn by four horses each, and preceded by the military, though several of the principal streets of the City, to the Yarborough House, where there was assembled one of the largest crowds we have ever seen in the Capital of North Carolina,—all eager to see the President of the nation and to do him honor. Along the route of the procession, he was greeted by many demonstrations of respect and welcome.

After entering the Hotel, and a few moments of rest, the President and Governor Worth appeared upon one of the balconies, when the latter introduced our eminent guest in the following words:

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES:—I have the honor to introduce to you His Excellency, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States. He visits the city of his nativity, upon the invitation of its citizens, to be present at the erection of a monument commemorative of the worth of his deceased father, Jacob Johnson.

As the representative of the people of North Carolina, I offer him a cordial welcome from her whole people. We desire this occasion to be one of universal harmony. I shall, therefore, make no allusion to any political subject now dividing public opinion.

There is one matter, as to which we all now agree, to which it seems fit that I should refer: We all agree that Constitutional Union ought to be restored, as nearly as possible upon its old foundations; and the whole life of our distinguished guest has been illustrated by constant devotion to *Constitutional Union*.

We can all, therefore, heartily join in doing honor to one who, through evil and good report, has always been the champion of Constitutional Union, and who, when the strife was over, has exhibited magnanimous charity towards the vanquished.

Welcome, then,—a cordial welcome to North Carolina's son, who has made his life illustrious by honest, constant, and unyielding adherence to the Constitution and the Union.

The President, in stepping forward to reply, was received with great enthusiasm.—He expressed his profound gratitude for the cordial character of his reception. It would be foreign to his nature to affect or feel indifference on the occasion of this, his visit to the city of his nativity. He alluded, with much pathos, to the incidents of his boyhood and the associations of his early life. More than forty years ago, he had left these scenes, a penniless and friendless boy; it did not become him to speak of the circumstances under which he had returned.—Through all the mutations of his life, though North Carolina had not been, in the language of the schoolmen, exactly his *Alma Mater*, still she was *his Mother*, and, God bless her, he was proud of her!

Coming to his native city under circumstances of so peculiar and solemn a character, he would not discuss questions of public nature. The present was not the time nor was the occasion a proper one for such allusions. Were it otherwise, he should be delighted to talk about national affairs with the descendants of the friends of his earlier days. He declared that, throughout the whole of his public career, he had been governed by one sole guide-star,—an honest conviction of duty and the Constitution and Union of the Country. He begged his fellow-citizens to discard all divisions and squabbles, all minor differences and petty controversies, and to unite in the common effort to restore the State to her rightful place in the Union. He expressed his firm conviction that *that* was the highest desire of the people of his native State.

[When this allusion was made, it was received with great enthusiasm. An eye-witness who could call in question the sincerity of this feeling would be a slanderer.]

After other touching allusions to the early events of his life, and words of counsel and encouragement to the young people present to improve their opportunities and strive *to make men* of themselves, the President concluded, again making his heartfelt acknowledgments for this reception, in a happy and hearty style.

[We regret that the hour at which we go to press precludes any further notice of the President's admirable address or any extended notice of the other proceedings. It was received by the vast concourse with every demonstration of approval and gratification.]

Mr. Seward was then loudly called for, and, on being introduced to the people by Gov. Worth, was most cordially greeted. He said that he should not make a speech, though profoundly grateful for the courtesy he had experienced. He felt pleased that his fellow-citizens here wanted to hear him. The time had been *when the case was different*. He hoped it might never be the case again. If it is,—jocosely said Mr. S,—*it will be your fault then, as it was in the past*. Mr. S. continued in a felicitous strain for some little time, and his remarks, which were conceived in fine taste, and abounded in genial humor, greatly delighted the audience. He made many friends, we are sure, by his pleasant, good natured speech, and the eloquent tribute which he paid to the character of North Carolina.

Mr. Randall, being also lustily summoned by the crowd, stepped forward and was presented by his Excellency, the Governor. He made a short and very appropriate address,—pourtraying the remarkable picture this day exhibited, of the poor and humble boy, who had gone from our midst, years ago, seeking his fortune in the wide world, returning the honored head of forty millions of people. He had not only achieved the highest honors of human ambition, but he had *deserved them*.

General Sickles was next called out, and made a most graceful and suitable acknowledgement,— very favorably impressing all our citizens. He congratulated them upon the success of their demonstration. It was an honor to them in itself, and it had been conducted with perfect decorum. He took pleasure in saying to the President that the same order, dignity and quiet which he had here witnessed to-day exhibited [illegible] all over the State of North Carolina [illegible].

After the conclusion of the proceedings, which had been enlivened by music, the crowd dispersed in great good humor, much gratified by the incidents of the day.

The party accompanying the President consists, in addition to the Secretary of State and the Postmaster General, of Col. William J. Moore, his Private Secretary; General R. O. Tyler, Chief Quartermaster of the District; Basil Morris, Surgeon United States army; W. S. Mitchell, Usher at the White House; Col. J. R. O'Brien, United States army; and Colonel A. H. Seward, United States army, son of the premier. Messrs. C. A. Gobright and George Mattingly of the Associated Press; Messrs. Fairfield, of the New York *Herald*, and Ed. P. Brooks, of the New York *Times*, are in the City. The President's daughter, Mrs. Stover, contrary to expection, did not accompany her father.

The President looks well, and bears himself with a quiet and impressive dignity.—We presume that none of our citizens, who looked on him yesterday, but felt proud that the City of Oaks had given birth to so noble a representative of American institutions,—so uncompromising, able and zealous a champion of Constitutional liberty.

We must, however, at a late hour of the night, abruptly bring this desultory article to a close.

RECEPTION.—The President will receive the citizens in one of the Legislative Halls at the Capitol, this morning, between the hours of nine and eleven, A. M.

THE PRESIDENT, we presume, will not leave for the University before to-morrow morning.

MUNICIPAL.—At a meeting of the Board of Commissioners, held on Saturday evening, an ordinance was adopted, imposing a fine of $20, and forfeiture of license, upon every person, whether licensed or not, who shall, on Sunday, sell any spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, in any quantity. Druggists selling liquor for medicinal purposes, are not included in the restrictions of the ordinance.

THE MONUMENT TO THE PRESIDENT'S FATHER.—The ceremonies at the City Cemetery, in connection with the erection of the monument to the memory of Jacob Johnson, father of the President, will commence at 11 o'clock this morning. An address will be delivered by the Hon. D. L. Swain, LL. D., President of the University.

The monument itself is an exceedingly simple shaft of red sand stone, about ten feet high, with an ornamented cap. It has a plain but appropriate inscription. To Dr. Jobe, the Postal Agent of the State, and a personal friend of the President's, is due the credit of the design. The citizens, generally, have contributed of their limited means to its construction.

THE PRESIDENT IN PETERSBURG.—The President and party were met, on their arrival in Petersburg, on yesterday, by the Mayor of the city and Gen. Stoneman.—The Mayor expressed the pleasure of the citizens in having them for their guests, and said that it would be gratifying if the party, on their return trip, would remain longer and share the hospitalities of the city. The President expressed his thanks for the reception, and hoped he might, in future, be able to reciprocate the kindness of the people of Petersburg.

ANOTHER ORDER.—The evidences in various parts of District No. 2, are that intemperance is growing, and that consequently much of the crime which prevails is the direct fruits of it. We learn that Gen. Sickles has become so fully convinced that nearly all the crime, occurring in the District, is the direct result of intoxication, produced by the sale of spirituous liquors at grog shops, retail stores, saloons, &c., that he has issued an order, which will appear in print in a few days, closing up these establishments, or rather prohibiting the sale of spirituous liquors by any except hotel or tavern keepers duly licensed. If men obtain tavern license, they must also provide for accommodating the public with bed and board. This order will occasion a sensation, but something is needed to prevent people from fighting, brawling, maiming and killing each other, as well as committing other crimes and misdemeanors.

We hope the order will go far enough to make hotel and tavern keepers indictable or amenable for allowing men to drink to drunkenness even in a hotel. In many cases intemperance is a disease, and with such the person who puts the bottle to his neighbor's lips is far more culpable than the poor unfortunate, who is sure to become drunk whenthe chance is offered him.

CIRCUIT COURT.—This tribunal met on yesterday in the Senate Chamber, at 11 o'clock, Judge Brooks presiding.

There were present —— Kehoe, Deputy Marshal; —— Hibbert, Pamlico District U. S. Clerk; N. J. Riddick, Clerk; H. Starbuck, District Attorney.

Judge Brooks said that having information that Chief Justice Chase would be present on Wednesday, he would not deliver a charge, but would simply remind the Grand Jury that they had cognizance of all crimes committed in North Carolina against the laws of the United States, and that they, doubtless having a sufficient knowledge of their duties as Grand Jurymen, might retire. Special instructions would be given, if needed.

Thos. Briggs was sworn as Foreman.

Judge Brooks ruled that gentlemen having a Superior Court license would be admitted to practice in the Federal Court, by coming forward, giving in their names, and taking the necessary oath.

Among the gentlemen in attendance on the Court were: Hon. W. A. Graham, Robt. Strange, Esq., Hon. R. P. Buxton, Ralph Gorrell, Esq., Hon. R. S. French, Hon. Nat. Boyden, R. P. Dick, W. A. Wright, Esqs., W. H. Bailey, Jr., Gen. Barringer, Samuel Jackson, Wm. G. Morrissey, Esqs., Capt. Thomas Settle, Hon. J. M. Leach, Hon. J. H. Wilson, and B. J. Houze, M. L. McCorkle, Jno. L. Manning and A. A. McKoy, Esqs.

CHIEF-JUSTICE CHASE.—It is understood that this gentleman will not reach here before Wednesday or Thursday next. The impression prevails that the Circuit Court will be in session for two or three weeks.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Photographs: J. W. Watson, Fayetteville Street.

Half of a desirable residence for rent: Apply at this office.

Agricultural Ware-House: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

Fish, Fish: Pulliam, Jones & Co., Fayetteville Street.

See Court notice from Chowan County.

Something New: Branson and Farrar, Fayetteville Street.

Buildings for rent: Hufham and Hughes.

Good Board: Mrs. T. M. Hughes.

Molasses, Sugar, &c.: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

Campbell Eaton, well-known as a worthy colored man of this City, is prepared to do jobs of House Painting, &c.

Metallic Coffins, Furniture, &c.: Henry J. Brown.

THE MEMORIAL EXERCISES at Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, on the 31st., were of the most gratifying and beautiful character. Among the graves to which peculiar floral honors were paid, was that of H. Wyatt, a member of the 1st North Carolina Regiment, and the only man who was killed at the battle of Bethel.

THE ASSOCIATION of Kentucky ladies, banded together to work for those objects that they may deem most worthy of their efforts, have recently held two Promenade Concerts in Louisville,—both for the benefit of Washington College, presided over by Gen. Lee. Over eight hundred dollars were realized. We notice among the prominent and active members of the Association the name of that noble woman, Mrs. Mildred E. Anderson, the widow of the gallant and gifted Gen. Geo. B. Anderson.

The *British Medical Journal* says that the mental condition of the Archduchess Charlotte, Empress of Mexico, shows no signs of improvement.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Monday Evening Dispatches.

WASHINGTON ELECTION—THE ASSASSINATION CASE.

WASHINGTON, June 3.

The election is progressing quietly.

The Judiciary Committee is investigating the circumstances connected with the pardon of the Alabama lawyer, Gayle, who offered a million dollars for Lincoln's assassination.

GRAND ASSEMBLAGE OF MONARCHS.

PARIS, June 3.

The Czar, and two sons, arrived on Saturday. Napoleon received them. The people were quite enthusiastic. The flags of the two empires were united in the Tuileries. The King of Prussia is expected immediately. The Sultan, Victor Emanuel, the Emperor of Austria, the Viceroy of Egypt, and other rulers, will arrive soon.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 3, M.

Cotton quiet. Uplands 27½@28. Gold 37¾.

LIVERPOOL, June 3, M.

Cotton firm. Middling Uplands 11¾. Orleans 11¾. Estimated sales 15,000 bales.

Tuesday Morning Dispatches.

ORDER OF REGISTRATION BY GEN. SCHOFIELD.

RICHMOND, June 3.

Gen. Schofield issued an order to-day for the instruction of the Board of Registration. After quoting the Reconstruction Act as to who are disfranchised, including Judicial and Executive officers, he says: "No one is disfranchised for participation in the rebellion unless he previously held some one of the offices above named. * *

4. The following will be regarded as executive and judicial officers of the State of Virginia, within the meaning of the new law, viz: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, Second Auditor, Register of the Land Office, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Judges of the Supreme Court of Appeals, Judges of the Circuit Court, Judges of the Court of Hustings, Judges of the County Court, Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of any City or incorporate town, who are ex-officio Justices, Coroners, Inspectors of Tobacco, Flour, and other commodities.

5. All persons who voluntarily joined the rebel army, and all persons in that army, whether voluntarily or conscripts, who committed voluntarily any hostile act, thereby engaged in insurrection or rebellion. Any person, however, who was forced into the rebel army but avoided, as far as possible, doing hostile acts and escaped from that army as soon as possible, cannot be said to have engaged in the rebellion.

6. All who exercised the functions of any office under the Confederate Government or the Government of any one of the Confederate States, which functions were of a nature to aid in prosecuting the war or maintaining the hostile character of those governments, and all who voted for the ordinance of secession, engaged in the rebellion, or gave aid and comfort to the enemy.

7. Those who voluntarily furnished supplies of food, clothing arms, horses and mules or aid of any kind to the Confederate Military or Naval forces, or money, by loan or otherwise, to the Confederate Government, or aided in any way the raising, organization, or equipment of troops, gave aid and comfort to the enemy and participated in the rebellion and civil war against the United States.

8. To give individual soldiers food or clothing enough to relieve present suffering or to minister to the sick or wounded are simple acts of charity and humanity and do not constitute giving aid or comfort to the enemy. A parent may give his son who belongs to the hostile army food and clothing for his own use. But if he gives him a gun, horse or other thing to be used for hostile purposes, he thereby gives aid and comfort to the enemy.

9. Whenever, after the examination required by paragraph 12, of the regulations of May 13, the Board is still in doubt as to the right of the applicant to be registered as a voter, and he is then willing to take the prescribed oath, the Board will give to that oath its required weight and register the applicant as a voter.

10. In the lists of those who are registered after challenge and examination, and those who are rejected upon challenge, the Board will state in each case what office or offices the person held previous to the late war, and what insurrectionary or rebellious acts he committed, and what kind of aid or comfort he gave to those engaged in insurrection or rebellion.

11. The challengers provided for in paragraph 12 of the regulations of May 13, will be selected by the board, from the most respectable and intelligent voters, of the district or ward, those who have the most extended acquaintance with the people, those who are interested in securing a fair and just registration and who will be most likely to detect and expose any attempt at fraudulent registration. The challengers may be changed at any time at the discretion of the board. They will not be entitled to any pay for their services. Registering officers are hereby empowered to administer oaths to witnesses who may be summoned by the board in any case of contested registration. The registration will be commenced in every county and city without unnecessary delay after the receipt of this order.

Gen. Schofield has issued another order assigning commanders to the Military sub-Districts. Gen. Granger is assigned the Richmond District, Col. Franklin to the Shenandoah, Maj. Stewart to the Alexandria District, and Col. Johnson to the Fredericksburg District.

IMPORTANT ORDER FROM GEN. SICKLES.

CHARLESTON, June 3.

Gen. Sickles will publish, to-morrow, the following:

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, May 30.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel states, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling, employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold, the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8. In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished, where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent. Cotton, corn or other produce of the sale, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. And the cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsuccessful claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn or other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of

MAJ. GEN. SICKLES,

J. W. CLOES, A. A. A. G.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, June 3, P. M.

Cotton quiet, 27½. Naval Stores steady. Turpentine 61@62; Rosin 14@18.50.

LIVERPOOL, June 3, P. M.

Cotton firmer, more active. Uplands 11¾@11¾. Orleans 11¾. Sales 20,000 bales.

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

T. Miles & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" " Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Booties,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at
April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!

Fashionable Molasskin Hats.
" Blk. Fine felt "
" White " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at
GEO. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at
G. T. COOKE'S.
April 29-224-tf

STILL ANOTHER.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Will resume their Great Catalogue

AUCTION SALE OF

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, &c.

On Wednesday next, the 5th. of June, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at their Store on Fayetteville Street.
May 30-250-td

MRS. E. A. NIXON,

CAN ACCOMMODATE, with good Board and lodging, EIGHT or TEN PERSONS, on favorable terms. Her house is conveniently situated, on Fayetteville Street, near to the business portion of the city. Apply soon.
May 30-250-tf

BUTTER! BUTTER! BUTTER!

A PRIME ARTICLE, Received to-day by
DOUGLAS BELL.
May 30-tf.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

Imperial Green Tea.
Gunpowder "
Oolong (black) "
Received to-day, by
May 30-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

M. GRAUSMAN'S

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Next to Tucker's Hall.

SPRING AND SUMMER FASHIONS, 1867.

I HAVE A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED stock of Spring and Summer Goods, of first quality, consisting of

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN BROADCLOTHS, COATINGS, VESTINGS, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, LINENS, &c., &c., &c.,

and am prepared to make to order any garment wanted, as cheap as it can be obtained in any Merchant Tailoring Establishment in New York, and in a style which cannot be surpassed in the United States. I employ only the best Cutters and Workmen, and guarantee satisfaction to all, who favor me with their patronage.

My Stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

And Gentlemen's Furnishing GOODS,

will be sold at lower prices than any goods of like quantity in the City.

NEW ARRIVALS TWICE EVERY WEEK.

M. GRAUSMAN.
June 1-252-2w

FANS! FANS!! FANS!!!

Warm weather has come at last, and, with it, 10,000 FANS OF ALL SIZES AND DESCRIPTIONS,

PAPERED, SILVERED, LINEN, FOLDING AND POCKET FANS.

We have bought out a Frenchman, who lately failed in New York, and we can now sell you a better Fan at less than you ever bought before at &c.

CALL AND PROVE IT.

May 29-256-tf T. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

DRY GOODS.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG,

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.
April 19-216-tf

S. H & W. J. YOUNG.

OUR STOCK COMPLETE!

WE HAVE IN STORE A GENERAL ASSORTment of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Hats, Boots and Shoes for Gent's and Boys.

ALSO, HATS FOR LADIES AND MISSES, &c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of
May 3-227-tf S. H. YOUNG.

IN LUCK AGAIN!

THE VERY LATEST ARRIVALS

OF NEW GOODS!!

JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTment of Rich

GRENADINES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
MOHAIRS,
AND POPLINS,

ALSO,
SHEER ORGANDIES
RICH JACONETTS,
PERCALES,
PEQUE,

AND

50,000 yds. of the handsomest Prints you ever saw.

These goods have been bought since the

RECENT DECLINE IN PRICE,

so that we can give you handsomer goods for the price than we have been able to do since the

CLOSE OF THE WAR.

—ALSO,—

A LARGE STOCK OF BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,

PLAID HOMESPUNS,

GENT'S AND BOYS WEAR.

DENIMS AND LINENS &c.

And a beautiful stock of Ladies' and Misses' Trimmed and *Untrimmed HATS*, Rainbows, Almas, Patti, &c., &c.

Call and see us at the old stand of
May 3-227-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC GETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. GETTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the

ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.
April 4-203-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please,

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

JUST RECEIVED

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

IN ADDITION TO HIS ALREADY LARGE, and well selected

SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK,

100 of the latest styles and patterns

SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES.

Also, MOZAMBIQUE and POPLIN SACQUES, for Summer wear.

PRINTS,

and all other domestic goods, in great variety, at
M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 18, Fayetteville St.,
May 3-227-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BACON! BACON!! BACON!!!

ANOTHER LOT OF PRIME SOUTHAMPTON SIDES just received by
DOUGLAS BELL,
Market Square.
May 24th., 1867.

WASHING MACHINES.

In store on exhibition, *free of charge*, the Non-pareil and Doty UNIVERSAL WASHING MACHINES, with Wringers complete at manufacturer's prices, with freight only added. The sooner we take hold of them, the better for all concerned.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
May 22-tf. Agent.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

THOS. BRANCH & CO.,

No. 1015 Main Street,

(OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,)

Richmond, Va.;

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

No. 8 Old Street

PETERSBURG, VA.;

BRANCH, SONS & CO.,

Broad Street,

AUGUSTA, GA.,

BANKERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

Receive Money on Deposit, subject to sight checks, and allow interest on same as agreed upon; Negotiate Loans; Make Collections throughout the United States, and buy and sell on commission, Bank Notes, Bonds, Stocks, &c., &c.

They also offer their services for the sale and purchase of Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Cotton, &c.

Their senior, Thos. Branch, with an experience of thirty years in the commission trade, will give his personal attention to the Richmond house, and expects to give satisfaction to his old friends and all who may favor them with their patronage.

Cash advances made on consignments to them and to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, London, Antwerp and Bremen.

Guano, and other concentrated Manures, furnished to their regular customers. Special attention is given to the execution of Cotton purchases, by

THOS. BRANCH & SONS, Petersburg,

AND

BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

The Richmond House transmitting telegraphic orders to either house, as may be preferred.

We are paying the highest rates for Bank Notes and Southern Securities; will hand returns with check on New York, Richmond or Petersburg, for all packages sent to our care, at best rates.

We will buy old North Carolina Bonds, Coupons, Registered, scratched &c., also detached coupons.

Railroad Stock bought and sold.

The following are the present rates of our Petersburg House for N. C. Bank notes, and are liable to changes—the highest rates paid when notes are received.

Bank of Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	24
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	13
" at Graham	23
" North Carolina	45
" Roxboro'	30
" Thomasville	30
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	13
" Wilmington	224
" Yanceyville	7
Commercial Bank Wilmington	25
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	30
Miners' and Planters' Bank	33

Thos. Branch & Sons will forward from Petersburg, free of commission, all consignments to
THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond.
Feb 6-154

MISCELLANEOUS.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!!

200 Hhds. and 40 Tierces and Bbls. "Clayed Cuba" and "Muscovado" MOLASSES, mostly in bright and new packages.

Just landing, for sale by
WILLARD BROS.
29-30 and 31 North Water St.
my 17-238-1m Wilmington, N. C.
Standard Copy.

WOOD!

The undersigned is authorised to receive proposals for furnishing this institution with 1,500 Cords of Wood, Oak and Pine in equal quantities.

The wood to be delivered in lots of not less than 200 Cords per month upon the grounds of the Asylum.

ED. C. FISHER,
Phys'n and Supt.
my 6-237-2awlm Insane Asylum.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust, executed by A. T. Sawyer to R. W. Pulliam, W. H. Jones and Geo. W. Swepson, on the 26th. day of Febuary, 1867, to secure the payment of eight hundred and thirty-six dollars, we will expose at public sale, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday, the 29th. day of June, 1867, for cash, the House and lot mentioned and described in said Deed, situated near the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road Depot, in the City of Raleigh, being the same occupied by said Sawyer.

The property is valuable for a Produce and Grocery Store. The House contains four rooms, Kitchen and other necessary out houses attached.

This sale will be made to satisfy the debt secured by said Deed of Trust and the costs incurred in executing the same.

The sale will take place within the hours appointed for judicial sales.

R. W. PULLIAM,
W. H. JONES,
GEO. W. SWEPSON.
May 24-245-2awtd

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use the finally pure flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Cassia Buds,
" Cinnamon,	Anise,
" Citronella,	Tamarinds,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Quinine,
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all Kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

FOR RENT.

FIRST CLASS PROPERTY

FOR RENT.

THAT LARGE, COMMODIOUS, AND WELL known Hotel,

"THE" METROPOLITAN"

situated in the center of the business portion of Greensboro, N. C., is offered for rent or lease.

The advantages are many; the outhouses and improvements are in fine condition, and of modern construction. Greensboro is a point at which a well conducted Hotel cannot fail to pay an active manager very handsomely; being at the terminus of the Richmond, Danville and Piedmont Rail Road, about the middle of the N. C. Central Rail Road, in the very centre of the Mining District of N. C.; as a point always remarkable for its flourishing schools and female colleges, and well known as a summer resort, on account of its healthy atmosphere.

The proprietors would prefer renting to some party, who have had experience in conducting a *first-class* hotel, and to such the terms would be most liberal; at any rate they desire an active and energetic man. The Metropolitan Property being the only Hotel in the central part of town, makes it most desirable, and a competent manager would enjoy a monopoly.

Apply to, by letter or otherwise,
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.
Proprietors,
my 13-234-1m Greensboro' N. C.

FOR RENT.

By the month, a SMALL RESIDENCE, with four rooms, kitchen, pantry, etc., in this City, partly furnished; and the privilege of a half acre garden well set in vegetables. Terms $25 per month. Apply to
REV. HENRY HASKIN.
May 24-245.

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 1867.

WHOM GOD HATH JOINED.

BY PHOEBE CARY.

"Love is strong as death. * * * Many waters cannot quench love, neither can the floods drown it."—SOLOMON.

Fair youth, too timid to lift your eyes
To the maiden with downcast look,
As you mingle the gold and brown of your curls
Together over a book;
A fluttering hope that she dare not name
Her trembling bosom heaves,
And your heart is thrilled when your fingers meet,
As you softly turn the leaves.

Perchance you two will walk alone
Next year at some sweet day's close,
And your voice will fall to a tenderer tone
As you liken her cheek to a rose;
And then her face will flush and glow
With a hopeful, happy red,
Outblushing all the flowers that grow
Anear in the garden-bed.

If you plead for hope, she may bashful drop
Her head on your shoulder low,
And you will be lovers and sweethearts then,
As youths and maidens go;
Lovers and sweethearts, dreaming dreams,
And seeing visions that please,
With never a thought that life is made
Of great realities!

That the cords of love must be strong as death,
If they hold and keep a heart;
Not dairy-chains, that snap in the breeze,
Or break with their weight apart?
For the pretty colors of youth's sweet morn
Fade out from the noonday sky;
And blushing loves in the roses born,
Alas! with the roses die!

But the faith that when our morn is past
Tender and true survives
Is the faith we need to lean upon
In the crisis of our lives—
The love that shines in the eye grown dim,
In the voice that trembles speaks,
And sees the roses that years ago
Withered and died in our cheeks!

That sheds its halo round us still
Of soft immortal light,
When we change youth's golden coronal
For a crown of silver white;
A love for sickness and for health,
For rapture and for tears;
That will live for us, and bear with us,
Through all our mortal years.

And such there is—there are lovers here
On the brink of the grave that stand,
Who shall cross to the hills beyond, and walk
Forever hand in hand.
Pray, youth and maid, that your fate be theirs,
When we're joined no more to part;
For death comes not to the living soul,
Nor age to the loving heart!

GENERAL RODES AT CHANCELLORSVILLE.—The Tuscaloosa *Monitor*, whose editor ("the gallant Lieut. Col. Garvin," as he is styled in Rodes' report,) was severely wounded in the battle, says, in publishing this document:

"A participator in this battle will recognize the truthfulness of its description in every line, and in every movement of the division, from its advance until the field was won. It was in this field, near Melzi Chancellor's house, that Gen. Jackson, riding up to General Rodes, said: "General, your troops have carried every position with a gallantry unsurpassed. From your skillful handling of them you deserve promotion, and shall have it. Sir, the day is ours."—This was probably the last recommendation for promotion ever made by Gen. Jackson. How our gallant Rodes deserved it, let the history of the country tell. His old brigade and his division will join us in thanks to his accomplished and noble lady for enabling us to add to the history of the times this report from his manuscript copy. As great in the misfortunes which have overwhelmed her beloved South, as she was kind and gentle to the privates of her gallant husband's command, she now displays those higher traits of Southern womanhood, by her self-independence, in providing for two children and herself by her own labor."

The celebrated Doctor South on an occasion preached before the corporation of tailors. He took for his text the appropriate words—"A remnant shall be saved."

SUCCESSFUL INDUSTRY.—A Wisconsin man says: "I came to this State twenty years ago without a red cent; and by hard work and honest dealing I have held my own to this day."

We hear a number of ladies are about to set a good example to their sex, by forming a "swimming club." And quite natural, too, the ducks!—*Punch.*

At a meeting of the patriotic ladies and gentlemen of Lake City, to prepare for the soldiers' festival lately held in that enterprising town, a young attorney present was requested to find out who would supply the milk for the dinner. Jumping up on a chair he loudly asked: "How many ladies here will give milk for the brave soldiers?" to which an elderly lady responded, that "for one she could not—she had not given milk for ten years."

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April 1-226-1y

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Vacancy	Do
MAINE.	
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5 Frederick Stone, c	

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
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The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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mar 21-199-tf

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When any member of any church comes to New York to engage in business, let him call promptly on the Pastor of the Church of the Strangers.—Especially let this be done in the case of young men who will have a cordial welcome.

Newspapers through the country, friendly to the enterprise, will please copy this advertisement and allow it to stand,

my 18-206-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger Bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th. section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United states, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath, as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as herein-before provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" *Provided*, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and all agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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